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IX. Extract of a Letter from Andrew Cantwell, M. D. Monspel. to Dr. Stack, dated at Montpellier, June 23. 1732. N. S. Containing an Account of a large Glandular Tumor in the Pelvis; and of the pernicious Effects of crude Mercury given inwardly to the Patient.

N the 7th Instant, I was called hence to Balleruc, to visit an English Gentleman, who was ill there. In the House where he lodg'd, was one P-r M-n, born in France, but settled in Ca-This poor Gentleman, having been very ill these two or three Years last past, had lost the Use of his Left Leg and Thigh, was subject to frequent Head-achs and Pains in his Bones, but more especially in his Legs: For which, because he had been given to Women, his Physicians in Cadiz salivated him twice, fent him to feveral hot Waters, and gave him all the Remedies they could imagine, but to no Purpose; for his Illness increasing, he had from time to time great Difficulty of making Water, and going to Stool. In this Condition he came from Spain to Marseilles, and from thence was fent to the Waters of Balleruc, of which he drank a great Quantity. But as they did not pass, his Physician there order'd him strong Purges, with Clysters of a Decoction of Tobacco, and the like. He then began to vomit his Excrements; upon which the Physician to the Marquis of C——'s Regiment in Spain, who happen'd to be there, order'd him half

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a Pound of crude Mercury by the Mouth, which made him fuffer the most exquisite Pains; and his Belly swell'd, and became as stiff as a Drum. Montagne was fent for, who foon discover'd the Error in the preceding Practice, by feeling a folid Body near the Rectum, which obstructing the Passage, hinder'd the Clyster-pipe from entering far enough into After his Departure, the Patient was again order'd Clysters, which were injected with a crooked Pipe, and several Purges; till at the End of eight Days he died, having his Belly bigger, stiffer and harder than ever. Though I arriv'd the Day before his Death, I saw him not till after he expir'd. His Physician having invited me to open the Body, I willingly confented, curious as I was to find the folid Refistance or Tumor, which he could give no Account of. for the Surgeon of the Village, who with a Bistouri (the only anatomical Instrument he had) open'd the Abdomen by my Directions, which was fill'd with a whitish Liquor of some Consistence. The Epiploon was all diffolv'd, and fwam in this Liquor like so much This Water pour'd out, I examin'd the Intef-The Colon was burst under the Stomach, and in three other Places at its lower Part; and so was the Coecum; the Ileum all inflam'd, and in one Part gangren'd. The Lips of the Ruptures were plaister'd with Excrements, all befet with a prodigious Number of Globules of Quickfilver; and when the Intestines were disengaged and taken out, the Quicksilver fell from them in large Drops. The other Viscera were in the natural State, except the Liver, which was gangren'd. As I was very folicitous about the Tumor, I look'd into the *Pelvis*, where I found an Excrescence

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of a prodigious Size, which fill'd all its Left Side. I took the Knife, and clear'd all round the Tumor; whereby I found the urinary Bladder close pent up between the anterior Part of the Tumor and the Offa pubis, which occasion'd the Strangury the Patient had been tormented with: The Rectum, which lay upon the Middle of the Os facrum, was also vastly press'd on by the Tumor, which feem'd to take its Rife from the Holes that are in the Left Side of that Bone. The Surgeon was fo unluckily impatient, that while I laid down the Knife, in order to separate the Ossa pubis with a Hatchet, he cut out the Tumor. I then examin'd the Os facrum, which was fo very foft, that my Fingers enter'd it every where on the Left Side. Tumor is of an ovoide Figure, cover'd over with feveral Membranes: Its Weight is two Pound and an half; its longest Axis is five Inches and somewhat more than three quarters, French Measure; its shortest four Inches three quarters. At first Sight I took it for a Parenchyma, but, upon Diffection, found it analogous to the Liver in Substance, Colour and Consistence. Artery, Vein and Nerve are very big, and are diffributed through its whole Substance: Wherefore I really take it to be one of the conglobate Glands of the Pelvis, whose Vessels yielding to the Blood impell'd thither with greater Force and in larger Quantity than usual, on account of the violent Exercises of Dancing, Jumping, &c. which the Patient very much practis'd, gave Room to its Increase to that enormous Size. Upon opening, I remark'd three very apparent Divisions in it: And where the Ploas lay over it, and one of the Pyramidales beat upon it, it was offified. I preserve it in Brandy, and find that the small Vessels, that

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that were most fill'd with Blood, press it out into the Interstices of the neighbouring ones.

The Weight the Patient constantly complain'd of at his Left Hip; the Difficulty he had in going to Stool, and that of thrusting a Syringe far enough into the Rectum to give him a Clyster with any Success; the Tumor itself, which was easily felt upon putting the Finger into the Anus; together with the Palfy of the Left Leg and Thigh, might, I think, have given other Indications to the Physicians, than those they took. And, in my humble Opinion, the Frictions and other heating Medicines the Patient was ply'd with, contributed to augment his Illness. In fine, the crude Mercury he swallow'd, the vast Quantity of Balleruc Water he drank before it, with the strong Cathartics taken by the Mouth and Anus, feem to have cut him short of some Months, which he might have liv'd, had he used no other Remedies than a slender relaxing Diet.

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